



# 2014 GLOA NFHS Rules Exam

All Lacrosse games will be played according to the rules published by the National Federation (boys) or US Lacrosse (girls) with such GHSA modifications

100 NFHS Questions

6 GHSA Specific Questions

1. For a lacrosse ball to be legal for use in a game it must?
  - a. Be stamped with "Meets NOCSAE Standards"
  - b. Be stamped with "NFHS"
  - c. Be stamped stating "Meets NFHS and NCAA Specifications"
  - d. None of the above
  
2. Officials arrive at a game and find that the home team cannot provide balls with the label "Meets NOCSAE Standard." Under which of the following conditions can the game be played:
  - a. Balls with the NFHS mark (but without the "Meets NOCSAE Standard" label) are available, the game may be played, but the officials must report this to the sponsoring authority
  - b. If the visiting team has balls available to be used with the label "Meets NOCSAE Standard," the game may be played. The officials shall assess a technical foul on the home team to start the game and report this to the sponsoring authority.
  - c. If both coaches agree, balls without the "Meets NOCSAE Standard" label may be used and the game may be played.
  - d. The game may be played in all of these situations.
  
3. Immediately after a goal the officials notice that the ball being used does not have the label "Meets NOCSAE Standard." How should the game proceed?
  - a. If scored by the home team, the goal is disallowed. If scored by the visiting team, the goal stands. The ball is removed and the game continues with a properly marked ball. The game continues either by awarding possession to the visiting team or with a faceoff.
  - b. The goal is disallowed. The ball is removed and the game continues with a properly marked ball. The ball is awarded to the offensive team outside the goal/attack area.
  - c. The goal counts. The ball is removed and the game continues with a properly marked ball. The game resumes with a faceoff.
  - d. The goal is disallowed. The home team's In-Home serves a 3-minute non-releasable penalty. The illegal ball is removed and the game continues with a proper marked ball. The ball is awarded to the visiting team at Center X
  
4. Slashes are:
  - a. Legal in HS
  - b. "Illegal at any level"
  - c. Swinging a crosse at an opponent's crosse or body with deliberate viciousness or reckless abandon
  - d. Both b and c

- 5. Required equipment includes:**
- a. Helmet with face mask and chin strap, mouth piece, protective gloves, shoulder pads, shoes, and arm pads, knee pads
  - b. Helmet with face mask and chin strap, mouth guard, protective gloves, shoulder pads, shoes, and arm pads
  - c. Helmet with face mask and chin strap, protective gloves, shoulder pads, shoes, arm pads, and eye shield
  - d. Helmet with face mask and chin strap, mouth piece, protective gloves, shoulder pads, shoes, and arm pads, shin guards
- 6. If there are no physical restrictions, the minimum distance from the sideline to the table is:**
- a. 8 yards
  - b. 6 yards
  - c. 5 yards
  - d. None of the above
- 7. Which of the following is true about the table area:**
- a. It should be 20 yards wide and only players serving penalty time or players ready to substitute should in the area
  - b. Coaches are allowed in the table area at any time to consult with their players
  - c. The official scorer and timer are allowed in the table area
  - d. Both a and c are true
- 8. The bench areas:**
- a. Are 6 yards from the sideline
  - b. Shall extend from the table area 15 yards parallel to the sideline
  - c. The bench area is on the opposite side of the field from the table
  - d. Both a and b
- 9. Any crosse used in a faceoff:**
- a. Must have a contrasting color tape from the color of the shaft to the base of the head
  - b. May not have any tape on the plastic throat of the head
  - c. May have any color tape on the plastic throat of the head
  - d. Must have a head of contrasting color to their shaft
- 10. Which of the following is true about jersey numbers?**
- a. A team is allowed up to two players to have the same number on their jerseys
  - b. A team is allowed up to three players to have the same number on their jerseys
  - c. A team is not permitted to have any duplicate numbers on their jerseys
  - d. A team is allowed to do whatever they want when it comes to jersey numbers
- 11. Which jersey numbers are legal?**
- a. Any number a team wants to use
  - b. Any number from 1 - 100
  - c. Any number from 1 - 1000
  - d. Any number from 0-99

- 12.** What should be done if a player has eye black in the shape of a triangle on his face?
- The player is only allowed one solid stroke and has to leave the field until he removes the triangle - fix it only
  - Technical foul - Player A1 must serve a 30 second foul
  - Unsportsmanlike foul - player A serves 1 minute non releasable
  - Team A turnover and the ball awarded to Team B
- 13.** How long do officials maintain administrative responsibilities for a contest?
- While the officials are on the field of play
  - Up to 24 hours after the completion of the contest
  - Up to 48 hours after the completion of the contest
  - Through the completion of any required reports or correspondence in response to any action occurring while the officials have jurisdiction
- 14.** When does the authority of the officials begin and end?
- It starts when the first official arrives in the parking lot and ends when the game is completed.
  - It begins when the officiating crew (it could be 1, 2, 3 or 4 officials) enters the field of play and ends when the game is completed
  - It begins when the officiating crew arrives on the field and ends when they leave the immediate playing facility
  - It begins when the officiating crew enters the field of play and ends 24 hours after the conclusion of the game
- 15.** What should be done at the beginning of each period?
- A minimum of four balls should be placed equidistant from each other, five yards beyond each end line
  - Four balls should be placed on each side line
  - On the bench side, balls should be placed at the scorer's table
  - All of the above
- 16.** When is a team considered offside?
- A team has more than six players in it is offensive half of the field including players in the penalty box
  - A team has more than seven players in its defensive half of the field, including players in the penalty box
  - A team has seven or less players in their defensive half of the field, including players in the penalty box
  - Both a and b
- 17.** Offside enforcement states:
- If only one team is offside, a technical foul shall be called against the offending team
  - If both teams are offside and one of the teams has possession of the ball, players shall be placed onside and play resumed with the team in possession of the ball retaining possession
  - If both teams are offside and neither team has possession of the ball, the players shall be placed on side and the ball is awarded by alternate possession
  - All of the above

- 18.** Substitute procedures state that:
- Coaches can request a horn anytime a ball goes out of bounds
  - A coach can stop play after a technical foul for a substitution
  - A substitution cannot take place while play is suspended
  - None of the above
- 19.** What is true about a substitution?
- It may take place without the necessity of waiting for suspension of play by an official
  - The player leaving the field must exit via the substitution area
  - The player coming on the field must be properly equipped
  - All of the above
- 20.** When can a coach call for a horn?
- Anytime a ball goes out of bounds on the sideline
  - Never, there are no more horns... all substitutions are on the fly during live ball play or during certain situations when play is suspended
  - Anytime a ball goes out of bounds on the endline
  - During any technical foul
- 21.** Substitutions may take place while play is suspended as follows:
- After a goal is scored
  - During equipment adjustment
  - After a time serving penalty is reported
  - All of the above
- 22.** Which of the following would be considered body checking a defenseless player?
- Body checking a player who has his head down in an attempt to play a loose ball
  - Body checking a player from his blind side
  - Body checking a player whose head is turned away to receive a pass, even if that player turns toward the contact immediately before the body check
  - All of the above
- 23.** Penalty for checking a player in a defenseless position can include:
- Two or three minute non-releasable penalty or ejection if the check is excessively violent
  - One, two, or three minute releasable foul
  - Two or three minute releasable foul
  - None of the above
- 24.** If a team has four or more players with time-serving penalties at the same time, which of the following is correct?
- No more than three players can be in the penalty area, serving penalty time at once
  - The penalty time for the fourth and all additional players will not start until one of the first three penalties ends
  - If a goal is scored, the players not on the penalty clock are NOT released
  - All of the above

**25.** The home team's field does not have a clearly marked center line due to a logo in the center, what is the correct penalty?

- a. The home team is assessed a three-minute N.R. foul to begin the contest
- b. A center line painted through the logo after the game, so there is no foul
- c. Possession of the ball goes to the visiting team to begin the contest
- d. All of the above

**26.** Team A has possession and it is discovered that B1 is not wearing shoulder pads. What penalty should be applied?

- a. B1 serves a 1-minute releasable foul
- b. B1 serves a 1-minute non-releasable foul
- c. B1 serves a 3-minute non-releasable foul
- d. B1 serves 30-second technical foul

**27.** Upon arrival to the field, the officials note that the field dimensions are incorrect. The proper procedure is to give the home coach a reasonable amount of time to correct the field; if he does not, then:

- a. Penalize 1-minute non-releasable and award the ball to the visiting team
- b. Penalize 3-minute non-releasable and award the ball to the visiting team
- c. Play the game and notify the assigning authority of the problem, provided the game can be played safely
- d. Game cannot be played, notify the assigning authority of the problem

**28.** Which of the following would be an illegal stick for a field player (not the goalie):

- a. 40 inches
- b. 46 inches
- c. 76 inches
- d. (b) and (c) are both illegal

**29.** Official notices that the visiting player A1 does not have a proper end cap, but has tape over the end of his hollow shaft crosse:

- a. 30 second non-releasable penalty and award ball to team B
- b. 3 minute penalty and remove the crosse from the game
- c. Send player off to fix it, no penalty (unless A1 re-enters field without an end cap)
- d. Do nothing

**30.** Team B has possession, and B1 does not have a mouthpiece. What penalty should be applied?

- a. 1-minute releasable foul
- b. 1-minute non-releasable foul and award ball to Team A
- c. 30-second technical foul
- d. Award possession to Team A; no time served

**31.** Mouthpiece must cover

- a. All upper teeth
- b. All lower teeth
- c. Can be any color, including clear or white
- d. Either a or b

**32.** A team's "In-Home":

- a. Is the first attack player listed in the scorebook
- b. Serves any fouls called on the bench
- c. Must be a starter in the game
- d. All of the above

**33.** Team A has only 9 players ready to play at the scheduled start time. They have no other players at the game site getting ready to play.

- a. Team A forfeits the game
- b. The teams play 9-on-9 until additional Team A players arrive
- c. Team A must play man-down, with usual offside restrictions in effect, until additional players arrive
- d. Team A must play man-down, always keeping at least 2 players on its attack end, until additional players arrive

**34.** In the 3rd quarter, Team A's coach notifies the official that he has only 9 players eligible to play:

- a. Team A must forfeit the game
- b. Team A can play with fewer than 10 players on the field as long as they have a properly equipped goalie
- c. The game may continue but Team B must play with just nine players
- d. None of the above

**35.** 35. In the third period, Team A scores making the score 12-2. Two minutes later Team B scores making the score 12-3. Which of the following is correct?

- a. Assess an USC penalty against the Team A coach for "running up the score"
- b. Begin running time running time for the game and penalty clocks as soon as Team A scores and continue running time for the remainder of the game
- c. Begin running time for the game clock but continue stop time for the penalty clock when Team A scores. The game clock returns to stop time when Team B scores
- d. Begin running time for the game and penalty clocks at the next whistle when play is resumed and return to stop time when Team B scores

**36.** What is true during a faceoff?

- a. It is illegal for a player to deliberately use his hand or fingers to play the ball. This shall be enforced immediately as an unsportsmanlike conduct penalty
- b. It is illegal for a player to grab an opponent's crosse with the open hand or fingers. This shall be enforced immediately as an unsportsmanlike conduct penalty
- c. Inadvertent touching of the ball when the hand is grasping the stick should not be called as an unsportsmanlike conduct foul
- d. All of the above

**37.** A1 is serving a penalty. A2 throws a pass and the ball is in flight when the horn sounds to end the quarter. The next period will start with:

- a. Team A in possession at midfield
- b. Team A in possession at the same relative position on the field
- c. A face-off
- d. None of the above

**38.** On a faceoff the crosses and gloves must rest on the ground along the center line, parallel to each other. Which of the following are also correct positioning?

- a. Neither the crosses and gloves may be touching the center line
- b. Neither the crosses or gloves may touch the ball
- c. The heads of the crosses must be perpendicular to the ground
- d. All of the above

**39.** On a faceoff, after the official says "set", player A1 has his crosse parallel to, but not touching the center line, player B1 is touching the center line:

- a. Award ball to B1 the Center
- b. Continue face off
- c. 30-second conduct penalty on A1
- d. Award ball to A1 the Center

**40.** During a faceoff between A1 and B1, which of the following is an illegal procedure violation? ‘

- a. Before the whistle, A1 has his crosse or glove touching the 4-inch-wide centerline
- b. Wing midfielder A2 leaves from behind the wing line after the whistle but before possession has been declared
- c. Before the whistle, B1 has his foot to the right of the throat of his crosse
- d. Both a and c

**41.** Which is illegal on a faceoff?

- a. A player intentionally placing any body part other than the hand on his own crosse
- b. Using one's crosse to pin down the crosse of an opponent
- c. Kicking the opponent's crosse
- d. All of the above

**42.** The wing players are released when the whistle sounds to start a faceoff. Which of the following situations will not release the remaining players?

- a. Stoppage of play for a technical foul
- b. Stoppage of play for a time-serving foul
- c. The ball goes out of bounds and possession is awarded (the ball is not re-faced)
- d. A team gains possession of the ball

**43.** A1 has 3 seconds remaining on a penalty with a faceoff pending. Which of the following is true?

- a. A1 must wait for the faceoff to end before entering the field (either possession is called or the ball crosses the defensive-area line)
- b. A1 may enter the field as soon as his penalty ends
- c. A1 may enter the field only after Team B scores a goal
- d. None of the above

**44.** A2 shoots on goal, the ball is loose in the crease when the official blows the whistle, thinking that a goal was scored. The correct ruling is:

- a. Stop play, award ball to the defensive team
- b. Stop play, use alternate possession
- c. Stop play, award the ball back to the attacking team
- d. None of the above

**45.** B1, while chasing A1, goes offside. B2 also goes offside, A1 takes a shot and scores a goal. The ruling for this situation is:

- a. Flag down Slow whistle, goal counts, B1's foul is wiped out by the goal but B2 serves 30 seconds
- b. Flag down Slow whistle, goal counts, B1 and B2 technical fouls wiped out by the goal
- c. Flag down Slow whistle, goal doesn't count, B1 and B2 technical fouls wiped out by the goal
- d. Flag down Slow whistle, goal counts, B1 and B2 serve 30-second penalties

**46.** In which of the following situations can the ball restart inside Team B's Goal area?

- a. After a foul by team A or team B
- b. After an end line out-of-bounds when there was no play-on or flag-down in effect
- c. After a live-ball timeout by the team in possession
- d. The ball can never restart inside the goal area

**47.** A4 has possession and B3 legally checks A4's crosse out of his hands. A4's crosse lands on the ground with the ball underneath it. What is the correct ruling?

- a. Immediate whistle and award ball to Team A
- b. Immediate whistle and award ball to Team B
- c. The defense can kick the crosse in an attempt to gain possession of the ball
- d. 30 second penalty on A4

**48.** A1 shoots, as he follows through the head of his crosse flies off and the ball goes into the goal. What is the correct ruling?

- a. Goal counts, faceoff
- b. Goal counts, Team B gets ball at center
- c. No goal, Team B gets ball outside the box
- d. No goal, award ball alternate possession

**49.** The ball is being cleared toward Team B's offensive end and A1, A2, and A3 are the only Team A players on Team B's defensive end. Which of the following results in a penalty for offside?

- a. A1 steps on—but not over—the midline
- b. A1 realizes he is about to step over midfield but instead runs out of bounds and then quickly returns to his offensive end of the field without stepping on the defensive end
- c. A1 leaves the field through the substitution area without crossing midfield and is quickly replaced by A4, who enters on Team B's defensive end
- d. None of the above



**50.** Team B has the ball in their offensive zone. Team A is man down. The officials count players and find Team A has 3 players in their offensive half and 4 players plus their goalie in their defensive half. What is the correct ruling?

- a. Offsides on Team A, flag down
- b. No foul, legal play
- c. Unsportsmanlike Conduct on Team A
- d. Tell coach from Team A to put a player on the field

**51.** The 20-second count for advancing the ball beyond the center line will continue until:

- a. A clearing team player in possession of the ball steps on or over the midfield line
- b. An officials sounds the whistle to stop play
- c. A loose ball breaks the plane of the midfield line
- d. Any of the above

**52.** Team B is clearing and the 20-second count is on. Which of the following does not end the count?

- a. Team B calls a timeout
- b. Team A gains possession
- c. The ball becomes loose
- d. The ball goes out of bounds

**53.** Team A has possession in its offensive end and the 10-second count is on. Team A1 is not required to Get It In/Keep It In. A1 steps into the attack area, and then rolls the ball out of the attack area toward A2. Which of the following is true?

- a. Team A is guilty of stalling when the ball touches the ground on or outside the attack area line
- b. A new 10-second count starts when A2 gains possession
- c. A new 10-second count starts when the ball touches the ground on or outside the attack area line
- d. None of the above

**54.** Which of these are criteria for starting a 10 second count for advancing the ball into the goal area?

- a. After crossing the center line with possession
- b. After initially gaining possession in the offensive half of the field
- c. After regaining possession in the offensive half of the field following a defensive possession
- d. All of the above

**55.** Team B is in possession of the ball in its offensive half and has satisfied the initial 10 second count. Player B1 passes the ball to B3 who is on the defensive half of the field. What is the correct ruling?

- a. Legal play
- b. Official warns Team B to Get It In/Keep It In (stall warning) and starts a 10 second count
- c. Technical foul, 30 second penalty enforced on B1
- d. None of the above

- 56.** Team A is in possession of the ball and has satisfied the initial 10 second count. The ball becomes loose, and A5 regains possession in their defensive half of the field. The proper call is:
- a. Legal play
  - b. Official puts his 20 second timer and Team A has 20 seconds to get the ball into the offensive half of the field and then 10 seconds to get the ball in the box
  - c. Technical foul, 30 second penalty enforced on A5
  - d. None of the above
- 57.** A1 takes a shot. Goalkeeper, within his crease, bats the ball away with his hand. What is the correct ruling?
- a. Legal play
  - b. Illegal procedure
  - c. Unsportsmanlike conduct
  - d. Interference
- 58.** Goalkeeper B1 is within his crease when a shot is taken. He catches the ball in his hand and immediately drops it into his crosse. What is the correct ruling?
- a. No call; legal play
  - b. Unsportsmanlike conduct
  - c. Illegal procedure: illegal touching of the ball
  - d. None of the above
- 59.** The ball is loose outside the crease. Goalkeeper B1 reaches out of the crease for the ball and A1 checks the portion of B1's crosse that is outside of the crease. What is the correct ruling?
- a. No foul – legal play
  - b. Play-on; if Team B doesn't gain possession, blow the whistle and award them the ball 20 yards laterally from the goal
  - c. Play-on; if Team B doesn't gain possession, blow the whistle and award them a free clear
  - d. Flag down technical foul
- 60.** The ball is loose outside the crease. Goalkeeper B1 reaches out of the crease for the ball and A1 checks the portion of B1's crosse that is inside of the crease. What is the correct ruling?
- a. No foul – legal play
  - b. Play-on; if Team B doesn't gain possession, blow the whistle and award them the ball 20 yards laterally from the goal
  - c. Play-on; if Team B doesn't gain possession, blow the whistle and award them a free clear
  - d. Flag down technical foul
- 61.** The ball is loose outside the crease. Goalkeeper B1, while remaining in the crease, reaches out and gains possession of the ball. A1 checks the part of B1's stick that is outside the crease. What is the correct ruling?
- a. Legal play
  - b. Interference, play-on. Play continues or award ball to team B at center of field
  - c. Crease violation against goalie B1 for crease re-entry. Award ball to attack 20 yards laterally from the goal
  - d. Flag down, slow whistle. Play continues until ball hits the ground ending slow whistle

- 62.** A1 takes a shot while diving and the ball enters the goal. When will the goal not be allowed?
- a. A1's body lands in the crease before the ball enters the goal
  - b. A1's body lands in the crease after the ball enters the goal
  - c. A1's body passes through the airspace of the crease without touching anything and then lands outside of the crease
  - d. Both a and b
- 63.** An official may suspend play at his discretion for an injured player. The injured player must leave the field. When may the player return to the game?
- a. Immediately after play has resumed
  - b. As soon as the coach says he is able to return to the field of play
  - c. After the next dead ball following the resumption of play
  - d. Once he is evaluated by professional medical staff and has written clearance to play
- 64.** A1 is in possession and is being played closely by B1 when A1 loses a glove. What is the correct ruling?
- a. Stop play, have A1 put the glove back on, and award possession to Team B
  - b. Stop play, have A1 put the glove back on, and award possession to Team A
  - c. Stop play and assess a 1-minute non-releasable personal foul against A1; award possession to Team B
  - d. Allow play to continue and have A1 put the glove back on at the next stoppage of play
- 65.** Goalkeeper B1 is in the crease and attempts to clamp a loose ball outside the crease and breaks his stick. A1 is in position to scoop the ball and shoot. What is the correct ruling?
- a. No action – legal play
  - b. An immediate whistle and award ball to the defense in the alley, lateral from GLE
  - c. A play-on
  - d. An immediate whistle and award ball by alternate possession
- 66.** Who can call a timeout?
- a. The head coach
  - b. The assistant coach
  - c. Any player on the field
  - d. a and c
- 67.** When Team A has possession during a live ball, they can call a timeout:
- a. Anywhere on the field
  - b. Only when a midfielder is in possession
  - c. Only when they have the ball in the offensive zone
  - d. Only while the ball is in flight of a pass
- 68.** Any player who exhibits signs or symptoms of a concussion shall be:
- a. Removed from the game for one whistle
  - b. Removed from the game and cannot return until cleared by a head coach
  - c. Removed from the game and cannot return until cleared by a health-care professional
  - d. Okay to stay in the game

**69.** In the event of a tie at the end of a regulation game. What happens next?

- a. Get captains for a coin toss. Winner chooses goal it wants to defend for first overtime. Alternate possession stays as it was at the end of regulation play
- b. Get captains for a coin toss. Winner chooses goal for first overtime and first alternate possession
- c. Teams switch goals. Alternate possession stays as it was at the end of regulation play
- d. Goals and alternate possession stay as they were at the end of regulation play

**70.** The officials use "Get It In/Keep It In" in which of the following situations?

- a. Under 2 minutes left in the game and the winning team has possession of the ball in the offensive half of the field
- b. The Team in possession of the ball steps out of the box
- c. Team A with the ball is considered stalling outside of the box
- d. Both a and c

**71.** A crosse check is:

- a. A check to the opponent using the elbow
- b. A check to the opponent with the part of the handle that is between the players hands, either by thrusting away from the body or by holding it extended from the body
- c. A check to the opponent with the hands together on the handle of the crosse
- d. None of the above

**72.** An Illegal body check is defined by:

- a. Body checking of an opponent who is not in possession of the ball or within five yards of a loose ball
- b. Body checking of an opponent from the rear or at or below the waist, or a player in a defenseless position
- c. Body checking of an opponent who has any part of his body other than his feet on the ground
- d. All of the above

**73.** Initiating contact with the head is known as "spearing." What is the minimum penalty for spearing?

- a. Two minutes non-releasable
- b. Three minutes releasable
- c. Three minutes non-releasable
- d. One minute releasable

**74.** A1 is in possession of the ball as B1 initiates a body check. Just before contact is made, A1 turns his back to avoid B1. Which of the following would not result in a penalty against B1?

- a. B1 hits A1 below the waist
- b. B1 hits A1 from behind
- c. B1 hits A1, delivering a violent blow initiated with his helmet
- d. None of the above would result in a penalty

**75.** A player that initiates contact to an opponent's head or neck with a cross-check or with any part of his body (head, elbow, shoulder, etc.) or any follow-through that contacts the head or neck should be penalized:

- a. 1 minute releasable
- b. 2 or 3 minute non-releasable penalty, depending on the severity, at the discretion of the official
- c. 1-2 or 3 minute releasable penalty, depending on the severity, at the discretion of the official
- d. A sincere apology from the offending player

**76.** Which of these fouls should result in multiple minute, non-releasable penalty time or, if excessively violent, result in an immediate ejection?

- a. Initiating contact to an opponent's head or neck with a cross-check or with any part of his body (head, elbow, shoulder, etc.) or a check where the follow-through contacts the head or neck
- b. An excessive, violent or uncontrolled slash to the head/neck
- c. Blocking an opponent with the head or initiating contact with the head (known as spearing) even if done by an offensive player in possession of the ball
- d. All of the above

**77.** Blocking of an opponent with the head or initiating contact with the head against an opponent, initiating contact directly to an opponent's head or initiating contact to an opponent's body that then follows through to the head would result in:

- a. Flag down, slow whistle (unless player is injured) and a 1, 2 or 3 minute releasable penalty
- b. Play on, award ball by alternate possession
- c. Flag down, slow whistle (unless player is injured) and a 2-3 minute non-releasable penalty
- d. Flag down, slow whistle (unless player is injured) and 30 second technical fouled penalty

**78.** Defenseman B1 initiates violent contact with A1's helmet using his own helmet. Which of the following is a possible penalty for this?

- a. Flag down, technical foul; B1 serves 30 seconds releasable
- b. Flag down, technical foul; B1 serves 30 seconds non-releasable
- c. Flag down, personal foul; B1 serves 2 minutes releasable
- d. Flag down, personal foul; B1 serves 3 minutes non-releasable

**79.** During the game, an official asks a player for his crosse so the official can check it. Before the player hands the crosse to the official, he adjusts the strings. What is the correct ruling?

- a. A 1 minute, non-releasable, unsportsmanlike conduct penalty shall be served. The crosse is returned to the player with no further inspection
- b. A 1 minute, non-releasable, unsportsmanlike conduct penalty shall be served. The crosse is then inspected and penalized if further violations are found
- c. A 3 minute, non-releasable penalty for purposefully altering the stick to gain an advantage
- d. A 1 to 3 minute, non-releasable penalty for an illegal stick

**80.** B3 scores a goal and the official sees him adjust the strings before the official is able to ask him for his crosse. What is the correct ruling?

- a. One minute releasable penalty and the goal is disallowed
- b. One minute non-releasable penalty and the goal is disallowed
- c. One minute releasable penalty and the goal is allowed
- d. One minute non-releasable penalty and the goal is allowed

**81.** A1 scores a goal. Before the next whistle, Team B coach requests an equipment inspection on A2, the player who assisted A1 on the goal. The head of A2's stick is found to be too narrow. What is the correct ruling?

- a. Goal disallowed, Personal Foul on A2, Illegal Crosse, 3-minute non-releasable penalty, stick removed from play
- b. Goal disallowed, Personal Foul on A2, Illegal Crosse, 1-minute non-releasable penalty, player allowed to correct his stick by pulling the walls apart
- c. Goal allowed, Personal Foul on A2, Illegal Crosse, 3-minute non-releasable penalty, stick removed from play
- d. Goal allowed, Personal Foul on A2, Illegal Crosse, 1-minute non-releasable penalty, stick removed from play

**82.** During an equipment inspection on A1, officials find a crosse that measures 6.3" across the top of the head and the pocket is too deep. What is the correct ruling?

- a. A1 serves 1 non-releasable minute and the crosse is allowed back in the game
- b. A1 serves 3 non-releasable minutes and the crosse is not allowed back in the game and must remain at the scorer's table until the game is completed
- c. A1 serves 4 releasable minutes and the crosse is allowed back in the game
- d. A1 serves 30 second technical foul and the crosse is not allowed back in the game

**83.** The striking of an opponent in any part of the face or on the neck or head by the crosse of an opponent is called "slashing," except when committed by the player in the act of:

- a. Passing
- b. Shooting
- c. Attempting to scoop
- d. All of the above

**84.** Which of the following is a slash?

- a. A1 attempts to shoot or pass the ball and contacts B1 in the helmet during his follow through
- b. B1 swings the crosse and strikes A1—who has both hands on the stick—with a violent blow to the elbow
- c. While B1 is attempting scoop a loose ball, his crosse hits A1 in the facemask.
- d. Both b and c

**85.** Goalkeeper B1 makes a save. In an attempt to gain a free clear, B1, while still in the crease, throws a pass and changes his natural follow through and B1 violently strikes A1 on the helmet. What is the correct call?

- a. Interference against A1, The goalkeeper is entitled to a follow-through
- b. Interference against A1. The goalkeeper is entitled to a follow-through, B's ball 20 yards laterally from the goal
- c. No foul
- d. Flag down, B1 slashed and will serve a 1, 2, or 3-minute personal foul

**86.** A player is considered to have fouled out of the game and not considered ejected in which situation(s):

- a. A player who accumulates five minutes of personal fouls
- b. A player who accumulates five fouls
- c. A player who receives a second, non-releasable, unsportsmanlike foul
- d. Answers a and c

**87.** Player B4 just received a 2-minute penalty, he already served two – 1-minute penalties, and two – 30-second technical penalties. What happens to B4?

- a. Player B4 is ejected
- b. Player B4 is disqualified
- c. Player B4 can continue to play after serving his penalty time
- d. Player B's coach is ejected

**88.** Goalkeeper B1 and his crosse are in the crease area playing a loose ball when attack man A1 contacts B1's crosse. The official calls for a "play on," and as B1 tries to scoop the ball he knocks it into the goal. How will play be restarted?

- a. With a faceoff because a goal was scored
- b. With a free clear and Team B in possession
- c. 20 yards laterally from the goal with Team B in possession
- d. 20 yards laterally from the goal with Team A in possession

**89.** Goalkeeper B1 and his crosse are in the crease area and B1 has possession of the ball when attack man A1 contacts B1's crosse. The official calls for a "play on," and as B1 tries to pass the ball he drops the ball and it rolls into the goal. How will play be restarted?

- a. With a face-off because a game was scored
- b. With a free clear and Team B in possession
- c. 20 yards laterally from the goal with Team B in possession
- d. 20 yards laterally from the goal with Team A in possession

**90.** What foul should be called if a player uses the portion of the handle of his crosse between his hands to impede the movement of an opponent?

- a. Holding
- b. Pushing
- c. Cross check
- d. Unnecessary roughness

**91.** In a scrum for a loose ball near the sideline, Player A1, while attempting to pickup the loose ball, steps out of bounds and continues to attempt to pickup the ball. What is the correct ruling?

- a. Legal play
- b. Flag down, 30 second technical foul
- c. Illegal procedure, award ball to Team B at the same place
- d. None of the above

**92.** What happens when the officials signal Team A to Get It In/Keep It In?

- a. The team in possession has 10 seconds to get the ball in the box, no matter where on the field the player in possession is
- b. The team in possession must keep the ball in the goal area once the ball enters the goal area
- c. If the ball goes out of bounds and Team A retains possession, Team A either has 10 seconds to Get It In or, if the restart is in the goal area, must Keep It In.
- d. All of the above

**93.** Team A is winning with less than two minutes remaining in the game. A1 gains possession of the ball and throws a long pass that bounces in the goal area (in the box) and then bounces out before anybody touches the ball. What is the proper ruling?

- a. Legal play, anybody can retrieve the ball and play
- b. Delay of game/Illegal procedure, ball awarded to Team B, at spot ball came out of the box
- c. Flag on Team A, 30 second technical
- d. Both b and c

**94.** Team A has possession and is not trying to create a scoring opportunity. In which of the following situations can Team A not be warned for stalling?

- a. Team A has the ball inside the attack area and is being played by a defender
- b. Team A is man-down due to penalty
- c. Team A has the ball outside their offensive zone, (has already satisfied the 10 second count) and is not attempting to get the ball back in the box
- d. Team A can be warned for stalling in all of these situations

**95.** What action should the official take after blowing the whistle for a loose ball technical foul against Team A?

- a. Raise two arms in the air and allow regular substitution
- b. Award the ball to B1 and wait for all players to be five yards away from the B1, sound the whistle and wind arm to restart play
- c. Start a five second count if Team B is not ready start play. If the five seconds expire, award the ball to Team A because Team B delayed the game
- d. Either b or c

**96.** During a loose ball, B1 pushes A1 and the official signals "play-on." Before the whistle sounds, A2 goes offside. What is the correct ruling?

- a. Whistle is blown when A2 goes offside. No penalty time served, award ball to Team A
- b. Flag down when A2 goes offside. Player A serves 30 seconds for offside, technical foul
- c. Flag down when A2 goes offside. Simultaneous fouls, both players serve 30 seconds for a technical foul
- d. Whistle is blown when A2 goes offside. Simultaneous fouls, both players serve 30 seconds for technical fouls, award ball using alternate possession



**97.** A1 has possession in his offensive end and is slashed by B1, flag down. A1 passes the ball to A2, then turns and slashes B1, resulting in a flag and a whistle. The officials assess a 1-minute slashing penalty on B1 and a 1-minute slashing penalty on A1. Which of the following is not true?

- a. Neither penalty is releasable for the first minute
- b. Team A is awarded possession
- c. Play will be restarted at the spot of the foul or 20 yards lateral from goal
- d. All of the above are true

**98.** A1 has possession in the goal area and is slashed by B1, flag down. Which of the following conditions ends the flag-down, slow-whistle situation?

- a. The ball, or a player in possession of the ball, moves outside the attack area
- b. A1 attempts a bounce shot and the ball hits the ground as part of that shot
- c. B1 commits a technical foul
- d. Both a and b

**99.** A1 passes to A2, and while the ball is in flight B1 commits a technical foul. What is the correct procedure?

- a. Stop play immediately and award possession to Team A
- b. Stop play immediately, B1 serves 30 seconds. Award possession to Team A
- c. Throw a flag for the technical foul; B1 will serve 30 seconds unless a goal is scored
- d. Call play-on. If the pass is incomplete, award possession to Team A. If the pass is complete, the play-on is over and play continues

**100.** What should be done if there is an inadvertent whistle?

- a. Award the ball to the team with possession or entitled to possession when the whistle was blown
- b. Award the ball by alternate possession If no team had possession or was entitled to possession when the whistle was blown
- c. Award the ball to the player closest to the ball when the whistle is blown
- d. Either a or b

**GHSA Specific Questions:**

**101.** Can GHSA coaches agree to change the length of a contest?

- a. No
- b. Yes
- c. Yes, if everyone agrees, including the officials
- d. Yes, home coaches call

**102.** How long are JV or Freshman contests?

- a. 20 Minute Running Halves
- b. 10 Minute Running Quarters
- c. What the coaches agree upon
- d. 10 Minute Stop Quarters

**103.** Which League(s)/level(s) DO NOT allow Overtime?

- a. GHSA Varsity
- b. GHSA Sub-Varsity (JV or Freshman Teams)
- c. MAYLA
- d. NGLL

**104.** How long are GHSA Varsity & NGLL contests?

- a. 12 Minute Running Quarters
- b. One hour of real time
- c. 12 Minute Stop Quarters
- d. 20 Minute running quarters

**105.** In the state of Georgia what goal differential is required for running clock?

- a. Any point of the game
- b. 10
- c. 12
- d. 20

**106.** If there is a 10 goal differential, when does the running clock start?

- a. Any point of the game
- b. After the 1st Quarter
- c. 2nd Half
- e. Never